

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product ID: MB4

Product Name: Matte Black
Revision Date: July 13, 2017

Version: 1.0

Supplier's Name: Aftermarket Auto Parts Alliance

Address: 2706 Treble Creek

San Antonio, Texas 78258

Emergency Phone: InfoTrac: 1-800-535-5053

210-408-4315

Contact Person: Justin Hebert

Information Phone Number: General Assistance 210-492-4868

Email: product@alliance1.com

Product/Recommended Uses: A paint or paint constituent product.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsSerious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2A

Sensitization, skin Category 1
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child) Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

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Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been

read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use

explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or

explosion. **Supplemental information**None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ACETONE		67-64-1	20 - < 30
PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride		98-56-6	20 - < 30
SILICON DIOXIDE		112926-00-8	5 - < 10
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE		108-65-6	3 - < 5
CARBON BLACK		1333-86-4	1 - < 3
DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS)		1330-20-7	1 - < 3
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), MEDIUM		64742-88-7	1 - < 3
BIS(1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-PI PERIDINYL)SEBACATE		41556-26-7	< 1
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	< 1
STYRENE MONOMER		100-42-5	< 0.3

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a

POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure

may cause chronic effects.

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Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions 7. Handling and storage

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Avoid

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition.

spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3
		1000 ppm
CARBON BLACK (CAS	PEL	3.5 mg/m3
1333-86-4)		
DIMETHYLBENZENE	PEL	435 mg/m3
(MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)		-
,		100 ppm
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS	PEL	435 mg/m3
100-41-4)		
,		100 ppm
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)		
Components	Туре	Value
	ı ype	value
STYRENE MONOMER	Ceiling	200 ppm
STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)		
(CAS 100-42-5) US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)	Ceiling	200 ppm
(CAS 100-42-5)	Ceiling	200 ppm
(CAS 100-42-5) US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)	Ceiling	200 ppm 100 ppm
(CAS 100-42-5) US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components	TWA Type	200 ppm 100 ppm Value
(CAS 100-42-5) US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS	TWA Type	200 ppm 100 ppm Value
(CAS 100-42-5) US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS	TWA Type	200 ppm 100 ppm Value 0.8 mg/m3
(CAS 100-42-5) US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS 112926-00-8)	TWA Type TWA	200 ppm 100 ppm Value 0.8 mg/m3
(CAS 100-42-5) US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS 112926-00-8) US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	TWA Type	200 ppm 100 ppm Value 0.8 mg/m3 20 mppcf

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			TWA			500 ppm	
	CARBON BLACK (CAS		TWA		;	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
	1333-86-4)		CTEL		,	150 222	
	DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS		STEL	-		150 ppm	
	1330-20-7)		T\\\ \			100	
	ETHYLBENZENE (CAS		TWA TWA			100 ppm 20 ppm	
					-	-o pp	
	100-41-4) NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	,	TWA		2	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
	MEDIUM (CAS 64742-88-7					· ·	
	STYRENE MONOMER		STEL		4	40 ppm	
	(CAS 100-42-5)		TWA		2	20 ppm	
	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	to Chemical Ha	z ards				
	Components		Туре		•	Value	
	ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)		TWA			590 mg/m3	_
	(250 ppm	
	CARBON BLACK (CAS		TWA		(0.1 mg/m3	
	1333-86-4)						
	ETHYLBENZENE (CAS		STEL	-	į.	545 mg/m3	
	100-41-4)					125 ppm	
			TWA			125 ppm 135 mg/m3	
			1 7 7 7			100 ppm	
	Components		Туре		,	√alue	
	NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM)	,	TWA			100 mg/m3	
	MEDIUM (CAS 64742-88-7	")				-	
	SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS 112926-00-8)		TWA		(6 mg/m3	
	STYRENE MONOMER		STEL		4	425 mg/m3	
	(CAS 100-42-5)				,	100 ppm	
			TWA			215 mg/m3	
					į	50 ppm	
	US. Workplace Environm	ental Exposure	•	•			
	Components		Type		'	Value	
	PROPYLENE GLYCOL		TWA		į.	50 ppm	
	MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE (CAS 108-65-6)						
Bio	ological limit values						
	ACGIH Biological Exposu	ıre Indices					
	Components	Value		Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Ti	me
	ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l		Acetone	Urine	*	
	DIMETINA DENIZENE	/					

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*

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US. NIOSH: Pocket STYRENE MONOMER 400 mg/g Mandelic acid Creatinine in plus **Guide to Chemical** (CAS 100-42-5) urine phenylglyoxylic **Hazards** acid * - For sampling details, 0.2 mg/l Styrene Venous please see the source blood

document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

(CAS 108-65-6)

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin. ACETATE

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

Skin designation applies.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), MEDIUM (CAS 64742-88-7) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air controls

changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If

applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to

maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash

fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the

glove supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

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General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Liquid. Color Black. Odor Mild.

Odor threshold Not available. Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -137.2 °F (-94 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 132.8 °F (56 °C) estimated

range

-0.4 °F (-18.0 °C) estimated Flash point

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - lower

2.1 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

13 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 247 hPa estimated Vapor density Not available. Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. **Partition coefficient** Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 860 °F (460 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 8.93 lbs/gal **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing. 64 % estimated Percent volatile

Specific gravity 1.07

VOC 1.93 lbs/gal (231.09 g/l) Coating VOC

0.8 lbs/gal (95.77 g/l) Material VOC

2.41 lbs/gal (289.30 g/l) Coating VOC as applied 1.19 lbs/gal (142.92 g/l) Material VOC as applied

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding

the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens. Fluorine. Chlorine.

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Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May

cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the

respiratory system.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause

respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.

Components Species Test Results

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 20 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat > 8000 mg/kg

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours

Rat 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

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Components **Species Test Results** Inhalation 4468 ppm, 4 hours (vapor)* Estimates for LC50 Rat product may be 33 mg/l, 4 hours (vapor) based on additional Oral component LD50 Rat 13000 mg/kg data not shown. SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS 112926-00-8) **Acute** Oral LD50 Mouse > 15000 mg/kg Rat > 22500 mg/kgSTYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5) Acute Inhalation LC50 Mouse 4940 ppm, 2 Hours Rat 2770 ppm, 4 Hours 24 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Mouse 316 mg/kg Rat 1 g/kg Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation. irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer. Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction. Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. Suspected of causing cancer.

Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20- 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS 112926-00-8) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components **Species Test Results**

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

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Acute			
Other	LC50	Micro-organisms	> 100 mg/l

Aquatic

Acute

AlgaeLC50Algae> 100 mg/lCrustaceaLC50Crustacea> 100 mg/lFishLC50Fish> 100 mg/l

Chronic

Crustacea NOEC Crustacea 10 - 100 mg/l

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours

PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6)

Aquatic

Acute

Algae EC50 Green algae (Chlamydomonas variabilis) > 0.41 mg/l, 72 hours Crustacea EC50 Daphnia magna 2 mg/l, 48 hours Fish EC50 Zebra danio (Danio rerio) 3 mg/l, 96 hours

Chronic

Algae NOEC Green algae (Chlamydomonas variabilis) 0.41 mg/l, 21 days

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 3.3 - 7.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon 5.1 - 16 mg/l, 96 hours variegatus)

Persistence and degradability No data

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

ACETONE 0.2, (log Pow)
DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) 3.12 - 3.2
ETHYLBENZENE 3.15
PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride 3.7
STYRENE MONOMER 2.95

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

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^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and

liquid lacquer base

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group ||

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 173

Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid

lacquer base)

Allowed.

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group

Environmental hazards Yes ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound) **Transport hazard class(es)**

Class 3

Subsidiary risk Packing group

Ш

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes EmS F-E, \underline{S} - \underline{E}

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Not

established. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

IBC Code DOT

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IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6)

1.0 % One-Time Export Notification only.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20- Listed.

7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Othor	Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt	federal regulations
Other	DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS)	1330-20-7	1 - < 3	
	ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	< 1	Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112
	STYRENE MONOMER	100-42-5	< 0.3	Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)
				List

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

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Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

6532

35 %WV

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

BIS(1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-PIPERIDINYL)SEBACATE (CAS 41556-26-7)

CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), MEDIUM (CAS 64742-88-7)

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), MEDIUM (CAS 64742-88-7)

SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS 112926-00-8)

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), MEDIUM (CAS 64742-88-7)

PCBTF, P-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS 98-56-6)

SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS 112926-00-8)

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-86-4)

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), MEDIUM (CAS 64742-88-7)

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

US. Rhode Island RTK

ACETONE (CAS 67-64-1)

DIMETHYLBENZENE (MIXED ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

STYRENE MONOMER (CAS 100-42-5)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: February 27, 1987 CARBON BLACK (CAS 1333-

86-4) Listed: February 21, 2003

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997 TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

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US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

BENZENE (CAS 71-43-2) Listed: December 26, 1997

International Inventories

Country(s) or region Inventory name

On inventory (yes/no)*

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 12-01-2015

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 2*

Flammability: 3

Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0



NFPA ratings

Disclaimer

The information contained herein is based on data supplied to us from sources believed to be reliable at the date of issue. Nothing herein shall be deemed to create any warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the accuracy or completeness of the information provided or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. It is offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. Buyer assumes all risk of use, storage, transportation, handling and disposal of the product in compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. This information relates to the material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials nor in any process.

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