

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

PRODUCT: AVUS 9741 ETCH & FILL PRIMER GRAY

SECTION 01: Chemical product and company identification

2706 Treble Creek, Suite 100

CALL CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

described in this section.

Chemical family...... Mixture.

Preparation date...... November 26, 2014.

Hazard rate

Signal Word.....

HMIS...... H: 2* F: 4 R: 0.

SECTION 02: Hazards identification

DANGER.



Hazard Classification..... Flammable Aerosol 1. Flammable Liquid 2. Gas under pressure: Compressed Gas. Eye Irritant 2. Skin Irritant 2. Carcinogen 2. Reproductive 2. STOT RE 2. STOT SE 3. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol . H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Hazard Description..... Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of causing cancer. H361 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to the liver and kidneys through prolonged or repeated contact. Precautionary Statements..... P201 Öbtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion proof equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P251 Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. . P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin or in hair: take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse thoroughly with water and use Response safety shower . P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P321 - For specific treatment see section 4 on this SDS. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs get medical attention or advice. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P370 + P378 In case of fire - use dry chemical powder, CO2 or foam to extinguish. P403 + P233 Store in a well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 Store in well ventilated area. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. P410 Protect from sunlight. Storage..... P412 Do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C / 122°F. P501 Dispose all unused, waste or empty containers in accordance with local regulations. Disposal.....

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

CAS #

WT. %



SECTION 03: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		
Acetone	67-64-1	30-60
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	10-20
Propane	74-98-6	10-30
ISOBUTANE	75-28-5	7-13
Talc	14807-96-6	7-13
Xylene	1330-20-7	1-5
Toluene	108-88-3	10-15
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1-5
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	763-69-9	1-5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1.0

SECTION 04: First aid measures

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Skin contact	Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Additional information	

SECTION 05: Fire fighting measures

Extinguishing media	"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used.
Hazardous combustion products	Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2).
Special fire fighting procedures	Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective
	clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed

Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture.

SECTION 06: Accidental release measures

SECTION 07: Handling and storage

Handling procedures	Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing
-	apparatus. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may
	arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Avoid
	breathing vapours or mist. Ground handling equipment. Handle and open container with
	care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking. Keep away from
	heat, sparks, and open flame.
Storage needs	Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Keep container closed when not in use.
	Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight.

SECTION 08: Exposure controls / personal protection

INGREDIENTS	TWA	SIH TLV STEL	OSH/ PEL	A PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Acetone	500 ppm	750 ppm	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	50 ppm	75 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	50 ppm / STEL 75 ppm
Propane	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm
ISOBUTANE	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	800 ppm
Talc	2 mg/m3	Not established	2 mg/m3 TWA	3 mg/m3 - QUE	Not established
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established
Toluene	20 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	500 ppm 10 minutes	100 ppm / STEL 150 ppm
Titanium Dioxide	10 mg/m3	Not established	15 mg/m3	Not established	Not established
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	100 ppm / STEL 125 ppm
Protective equipment Eye/type Respiratory/type Gloves/ type Clothing/type Footwear/type Other/type Ventilation requirements Exposure limits		Liquid chemical goggles. Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator when contaminant levels exceed the recommended exposure limits. Chemical resistant gloves. Wear adequate protective clothes. Safety boots per local regulations. Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available.			

SECTION 09: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Hydrocarbon odour. Not Available. 55-60 @ 20°C .
Vapour density (air=1)pH	Not applicable.
Relative Density (Specific Gravity) Freezing point (deg C)	Aerosol- 0.74lb/usg (0.09g/mL); Liquid- 0.80lb/usg (0.1g/mL). Not Available. Not soluble in water.
Solubility Boiling point (deg C) Evaporation rate	56°C.
Flash point (deg C), method	<-17°C Closed cup. Aerosol flame projection < 100 cm. Not Available.
Upper flammable limit (% vol) Lower flammable limit (% vol)	13%. 0.9.
Coefficient of water\oil distribution% Volatile by volume	90.
VOCViscosity	2.91 lb/usg - 349 g/L. Not Available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Stability	Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.
Reactivity conditions	Avoid heat, sparks and flames. Explosive reactions can occur in the presence of strong
•	oxidizing agents.
Incompatibility	Keep away from heat. Incompatible with strong oxidizers.
Hazardous products of decomposition	By fire:. Dense black smoke. Oxides of carbon (CO,CO2).
Hazardous polymerization	Hazardous polymerization will not occur

SECTION 11: Toxicological information



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

INGREDIENTS		LC50	LD50	
Acetone		50,100 mg/m3 8 hours rat inhalation	5,800 mg/kg rat oral	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		8.2 - 16.4 mg/L 4 hours rat	2080 mg/kg rat oral >16,000 mg/kg rabbit dermal	
Propane		>1,464 mg/L 15 minutes rat	Not available	
ISOBUTANE		52 mg/L 1 hour mouse	Not available	
Talc		Not available	Not available	
Xylene		6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral	
Toluene		8000 ppm rat inhalation 400 ppm mouse inhalation 24hr	5,000 mg/kg rat oral; 12,124 mg/kg rabbit dermal	
Titanium Dioxide		Not Available	> 10,000 mg/kg rat oral > 10,000 mg/kg rabbit dermal	
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate		>998 ppm 6 hours	4,309 mg/kg rat oral 4,080 mg/kg rabbit dermal	
Ethylbenzene		No data	3,500 mg/kg rat oral 17,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal	
Route of entry Effects of acute exposure	The aromatic hydrocarbon solvents in this product can be irritating to the eyes, nose and throat. In high concentration, they may cause central nervous system depression and narcosis characterized by nausea, lightheadedness and dizziness from overexposure by inhalation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Aspiration of material into the			
Effects of chronic exposure	lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health			
Carcinogenicity of material	effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Methyl isobutyl ketone is known to the state of California to cause cancer and developmental effects. Titanium dioxide is known to the state of California to cause cancer and developmental effects. Ethylbenzene is known to the state of California to cause cancer and developmental effects and is listed by IARC as a Group 2B Carcinogen.			
Reproductive effects Toxicological Data				
SECTION 12: Ecological information				
Environmental	Do not allow to enter	waters, waste water or soil.		

Biodegradability..... Not Available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal..... This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment. Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal,

Provincial/State and local regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

TDG Classification..... UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - This product meets limited quantity exemption when shipped in containers less than 1 Litre. DOT Classification (Road).....

UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons). UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Limited Quantity. UN1950 - AEROSOLS - Class 2.1 - EmS: F-D, S-U - Limited Quantity. IATA Classification (Air)..... IMDG Classification (Marine).....

Marine Pollutant..... Potential marine pollutant.

Proof of Classification..... In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct. .

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

WHMIS 1988 classification..... A. B5. D2A. D2B.

CEPA status..... On Domestic Substances List (DSL).

OSHA..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

SARA Title III

Section 302 - extremely hazardous None.

substances

Section 311/312 - hazard categories...... Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Ethylbenzene. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. Toluene. Xylene. EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS)

California Proposition 65.....

Ethylbenzene. Toluene.

TSCA inventory status...... All components are listed.

This product contains Ethylbenzene that is known to the State of California to cause cancer. Titanium dioxide is known to the State of California to cause cancer. This product contains Toluene known to the State of California to cause (developmental) reproductive toxicity and cancer. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone is known by the State of California to cause cancer and adverse fetal developmental effects.

SECTION 16: Other information

REGULATORY AFFAIRS. Prepared by:

Telephone number:..... (800) 387-7981. Disclaimer:....

DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

Preparation date: NOV 26/2014